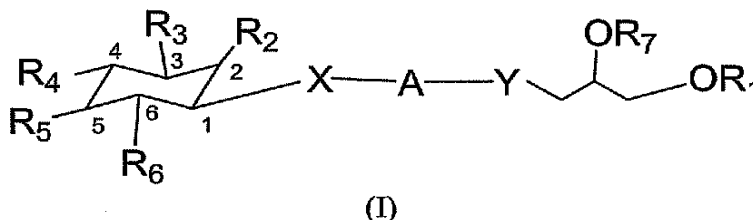


*AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS*

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of the formula I:



(I)

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of O, CF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>, and CHF;

wherein A is ~~independently selected from the group consisting of P(O)OH, CHCOOH, and C(COOH)<sub>2</sub>;~~

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of H, OH, ~~isosteres of OH~~, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyloxy, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>22</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyloxy, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkyloxy, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkylaryloxy, C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkenyloxy, and C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkenylaryloxy;

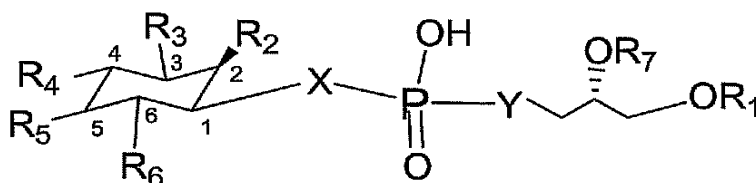
R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of H and OH ~~H, OH, isosteres of OH~~; and

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>22</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkenyl, and C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkenylaryl;

with the provisos that (i) when X is O, Y is O or CH<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub> is H, at least one of R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> is not OH; (ii) ~~when A is CHCOOH, or C(COOH)<sub>2</sub>, X and Y cannot be simultaneously O;~~ and (iii) all of R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are not simultaneously H; (iii) R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are not simultaneously H; and (iv) R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>, and R<sub>6</sub> are not simultaneously OH or H.

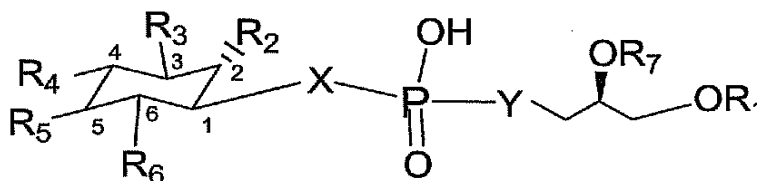
2. (Canceled)

3. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, which has the formula Ia:



(Ia).

4. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, which has the formula Ib:



(Ib).

5. (Currently Amended) The compound of claim [[2]] 1, wherein X and Y are O.
6. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyl.
7. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>10</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyl.
8. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>15</sub>-C<sub>20</sub> alkyl.
9. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is a C<sub>18</sub> alkyl.
10. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>7</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyl.
11. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>7</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> alkyl.
12. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>7</sub> is a C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>5</sub> alkyl.
13. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>7</sub> is methyl.
14. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyloxy.
15. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>15</sub> alkyloxy.

16. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is  $C_1$ - $C_5$  alkyloxy.
17. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is methoxy.
18. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is  $C_7$ - $C_{32}$  aralkyloxy.
19. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is cyclohexylmethoxy.
20. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  is H.
21. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_3$  is H.
22. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_4$  is H.
23. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_5$  is H.
24. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_6$  is H.
25. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  are H.
26. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_3$  and  $R_4$  are H.
27. (Previously Presented) The compound of claim 1, wherein  $R_5$  and  $R_6$  are H.
28. (Original) The compound of claim 3, wherein X and Y are O,  $R_1$  is  $C_{18}H_{37}$ , and  $R_7$  is methyl.
29. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein  $R_2$  is methoxy,  $R_3$  is H, and  $R_4$ - $R_6$  are OH.
30. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein  $R_2$ - $R_3$  are H and  $R_4$ - $R_6$  are OH.
31. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein  $R_2$ - $R_3$  and  $R_5$ - $R_6$  are OH and  $R_4$  is H.
32. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein  $R_2$  is i-butyloxy,  $R_3$  is H, and  $R_4$ - $R_6$  are OH.

33. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is cyclohexylmethoxy, R<sub>3</sub> is H, and R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are OH.

34. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are OH and R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>5</sub> are H.

35. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are OH and R<sub>5</sub> is H.

36. (Original) The compound of claim 28, wherein R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, and R<sub>6</sub> are OH and R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are H.

37. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 1 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

38. (Currently Amended) A method of ~~preventing or treating a disease, or a condition that predisposes to a disease, which is characterized by the~~ inhibiting activation of the serine/threonine kinase Akt or decreasing phosphorylation in a tumor cell of an animal comprising administering to the animal ~~a preventive or treatment~~ an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

39-52. (Canceled)

53. (Previously Presented) A method of increasing apoptosis of a cell comprising contacting the cell with a compound of claim 1.

54. (Previously Presented) A method for inhibiting PH domain binding comprising exposing a material containing an PH domain to a compound of claim 1.

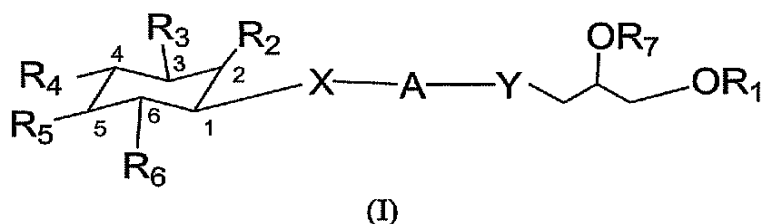
55. (Previously Presented) A method for determining the presence of a PH domain in a material comprising:

- (a) exposing a sample of said material to a PH domain binding compound and obtaining a first binding result;
- (b) exposing another sample of said material to a compound of claim 1 and obtaining a second binding result; and
- (c) comparing the first and second binding results to determine whether a PH domain is present in the material.

56. (New) A method of treating cancer in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim 1.

57. (New) The method of claim 56, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of lung cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colorectal cancer, and brain cancer.

58. (New) A compound of the formula I:



or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof;

wherein X and Y are independently selected from the group consisting of O, CF<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>2</sub>, and CHF;

wherein A is independently selected from the group consisting of P(O)OH, CHCOOH, and C(COOH)<sub>2</sub>;

R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyloxy, cyclohexylmethoxy, and C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkyloxy;

R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of H, OH, isosteres of OH; and

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>7</sub> are independently selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> aryl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>22</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub> cycloalkenyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkyl, C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkylaryl, C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkenyl, and C<sub>9</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> alkenylaryl;

with the provisos that (i) when X is O, Y is O or CH<sub>2</sub>, and R<sub>3</sub> is H, at least one of R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> is not OH; (ii) when A is CHCOOH or C(COOH)<sub>2</sub>, X and Y cannot be simultaneously O; and (iii) all of R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are not simultaneously H.

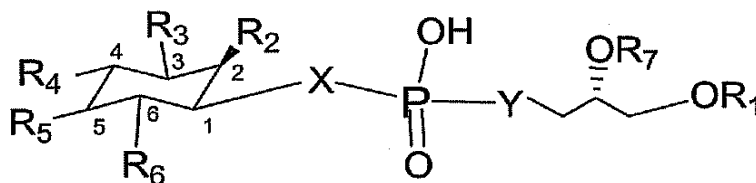
59. (New) The compound of claim 58, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>25</sub> alkyloxy.

60. (New) The compound of claim 58, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is C<sub>7</sub>-C<sub>32</sub> aralkyloxy.

61. (New) The compound of claim 58, wherein R<sub>2</sub> is cyclohexylmethoxy.

62. (New) The compound of claim 58, wherein R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>4</sub> are H.

63. (New) The compound of claim 58, which has the formula Ia:



(Ia)

wherein X and Y are O, R<sub>1</sub> is C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>37</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> is methyl, R<sub>2</sub> is methoxy, R<sub>3</sub> is H, and R<sub>4</sub>-R<sub>6</sub> are OH.

64. (New) A method of increasing apoptosis of a cell comprising contacting the cell with a compound of claim 58.
65. (New) A method for inhibiting PH domain binding comprising exposing a material containing an PH domain to a compound of claim 58.
66. (New) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of claim 58 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
67. (New) A method of treating cancer in a mammal comprising administering to the mammal an effective amount of a compound of claim 58.
68. (New) A method of inhibiting activation of the serine/threonine kinase Akt or decreasing phosphorylation in a tumor cell of an animal comprising administering to the animal an effective amount of a compound of claim 58.
69. (New) The method of claim 67, wherein the cancer is selected from the group consisting of lung cancer, breast cancer, ovarian cancer, colorectal cancer, and brain cancer.